

society, and, therefore, every adult has the responsibility to teach and model ethical values and every social institution has the responsibility to promote the development of good character;

Whereas Congress encourages individuals and organizations, especially those who have an interest in the education and training of the young people of the United States, to adopt the elements of character as intrinsic to the well-being of individuals, communities, and society;

Whereas many schools in the United States recognize the need, and have taken steps, to integrate the values of their communities into their teaching activities; and

Whereas the establishment of National Character Counts Week, during which individuals, families, schools, youth organizations, religious institutions, civic groups, and other organizations would focus on character education, would be of great benefit to the Nation: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) proclaims the week beginning October 19, 2003, as “National Character Counts Week”; and

(2) requests that the President issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States and interested groups to—

(A) embrace the elements of character identified by local schools and communities, such as trustworthiness, respect, responsibility, fairness, caring, and citizenship; and

(B) observe the week with appropriate ceremonies, programs, and activities.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED & PROPOSED

SA 1860. Mr. HARKIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1861. Mr. DURBIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1862. Mr. HOLLINGS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1863. Mr. MCCONNELL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, supra.

SA 1864. Mr. DOMENICI (for himself, Mr. BOND, Mr. BENNETT, Mr. CRAPO, and Mr. ALEXANDER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1865. Mr. STEVENS (for Mr. HOLLINGS) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, supra.

SA 1866. Mr. STEVENS (for Mr. DURBIN) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, supra.

SA 1867. Mr. WARNER (for himself, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. SARBANES, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mrs. DOLE, and Mr. EDWARDS) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, supra.

SA 1868. Mr. LAUTENBERG (for himself, Mr. SCHUMER, and Mr. CORZINE) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, supra.

SA 1869. Mr. REID (for himself and Mr. DASCHLE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, supra.

SA 1870. Mr. HOLLINGS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, supra.

SA 1871. Mr. BAYH (for himself, Mr. NELSON, of Nebraska, Mr. ENSIGN, Ms. COLLINS, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. GRAHAM, of South Carolina,

Mr. CHAMBLISS, Mrs. CLINTON, Mr. REID, and Mr. DORGAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, supra.

SA 1872. Mr. SCHUMER (for himself, Mr. DASCHLE, Mr. REID, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. NELSON, of Florida, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. BAUCUS, Mr. HARKIN, Mr. BAYH, Mr. HOLLINGS, Mr. BIDEN, Mr. LAUTENBERG, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mr. KERRY, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. GRAHAM, of Florida, Mrs. BOXER, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mrs. CLINTON, Mr. JOHNSON, and Mr. EDWARDS) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, supra.

SA 1873. Mr. DURBIN (for himself, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. FEINGOLD, and Mr. LAUTENBERG) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, supra.

SA 1874. Mr. MCCONNELL (for himself and Mr. WARNER) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, supra.

SA 1875. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 1689, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1876. Mr. NICKLES proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, supra.

SA 1877. Mrs. HUTCHISON submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 1689, supra.

SA 1878. Mr. DURBIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1879. Mr. DURBIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, supra.

SA 1880. Mr. STEVENS (for Mr. WARNER) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 1867 proposed by Mr. WARNER (for himself, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. SARBANES, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mrs. DOLE, and Mr. EDWARDS) to the bill S. 1689, supra.

SA 1881. Mr. REID (for Mr. NELSON, of Florida) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, supra.

SA 1882. Mr. CORZINE proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, supra.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 1860. Mr. HARKIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 28, line 15, insert before the period: *Provided further*, That of the funds appropriated under this heading, not less than \$12,520,000 shall be used to facilitate inter-ethnic and inter-religious dialogue, conflict resolution activities, support rule of law programs, and train Iraqi leaders in democratic principles

SA 1861. Mr. DURBIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title I, insert the following: SEC. 316. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The Iraq Survey Group is charged with investigating the weapons of mass destruction programs of Iraq.

(2) The Special Advisor to the Director of Central Intelligence for Strategy and Iraq heads the efforts of the Iraq Survey Group.

(b) QUARTERLY REPORTS ON STATUS OF EFFORTS OF IRAQ SURVEY GROUP.—Not later than January 1, 2004, and every three months thereafter through September 30, 2004, the Special Advisor to the Director of Central Intelligence for Strategy and Iraq shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a comprehensive written report on the status of the efforts of the Iraq Survey Group to account for the programs of Iraq on weapons of mass destruction and related delivery systems.

(c) FORM OF REPORT.—Each report required by subsection (b) shall be submitted in both classified and unclassified form.

(d) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(1) the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Subcommittee on Defense of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(2) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the Subcommittee on Defense of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

SA 1862. Mr. HOLLINGS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Paragraph (1) of section 1314 of Public Law 108-11 is amended by inserting “through September 30, 2004,” after “available” the first place it appears.

SA 1863. Mr. MCCONNELL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 34, line 1, strike everything after “proviso,” through “Iraq”; on line 5, and insert in lieu thereof:

striking the first proviso, and inserting in lieu thereof:

Provided, That subject to the determination and notification requirements of this section, exports are authorized to Iraq of lethal military equipment designated by the Secretary of State for use by a reconstituted (or interim) Iraqi military, private security force, other official Iraqi security forces or police forces, or forces from other countries in Iraq that support United States efforts in Iraq:

SA 1864. Mr. DOMENICI (for himself, Mr. BOND, Mr. BENNETT, Mr. CRAPO, and Mr. ALEXANDER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 2309 and insert the following:

SEC. 2309. (a) INITIAL REPORT ON RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION.—Not later than 60

days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to Congress a report on the United States strategy for activities related to post-conflict security, humanitarian assistance, governance, and reconstruction to be undertaken as a result of Operation Iraqi Freedom. The report shall include information on the following:

(1) The distribution of duties and responsibilities regarding such activities among the agencies of the United States Government, including the Department of State, the United States Agency for International Development, and the Department of Defense.

(2) A plan describing the roles and responsibilities of foreign governments and international organizations, including the United Nations, in carrying out such activities.

(3) A strategy for coordinating such activities among the United States Government, foreign governments, and international organizations, including the United Nations.

(4) A strategy for distributing the responsibility for paying costs associated with reconstruction activities in Iraq among the United States Government, foreign governments, and international organizations, including the United Nations, and for actions to be taken by the President to secure increased international participation in peacekeeping and security efforts in Iraq.

(5) A comprehensive strategy for completing the reconstruction of Iraq, estimated timelines for the completion of significant reconstruction milestones, and estimates for Iraqi oil production.

(b) **SUBSEQUENT REPORTS ON RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION.**—(1) Not later than 60 days after the submittal of the report required by subsection (a), and every 60 days thereafter until all funds provided by this title are expended, the President shall submit to Congress a report that includes information as follows:

(A) A list of all activities undertaken related to reconstruction in Iraq, and a corresponding list of the funds obligated in connection with such activities, during the preceding 60 days.

(B) A list of the significant activities related to reconstruction in Iraq that the President anticipates initiating during the ensuing 60-day period, including—

(i) the estimated cost of carrying out the proposed activities; and

(ii) the source of the funds that will be used to pay such costs.

(C) Updated strategies, objectives, and timelines if significant changes are proposed regarding matters included in the report required under subsection (a), or in any previous report under this subsection.

(2) Each report under this subsection shall include information on the following:

(A) The expenditures for, and progress made toward, the restoration of basic services in Iraq such as water, electricity, sewer, oil infrastructure, a national police force, an Iraqi army, and judicial systems.

(B) The significant goals intended to be achieved by such expenditures.

(C) The progress made toward securing increased international participation in peacekeeping efforts and in the economic and political reconstruction of Iraq.

(D) The progress made toward securing Iraqi borders.

(E) The progress made toward securing self-government for the Iraqi people and the establishment of a democratically elected government.

(F) The progress made in securing and eliminating munitions caches, unexploded ordnance, and excess military equipment in Iraq.

(G) The measures taken to protect United States troops serving in Iraq.

SA 1865. Mr. STEVENS (for Mr. HOLLINGS) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

Paragraph (1) of section 1314 of Public Law 108-11 is amended by inserting “without fiscal year limitation” after “available” the first place it appears.

SA 1866. Mr. STEVENS (for Mr. DURBIN) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the end of title I, insert the following:
SEC. 316. (a) **FINDINGS.**—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The Iraq Survey Group is charged with investigating the weapons of mass destruction programs of Iraq.

(2) The Special Advisor to the Director of Central Intelligence for Strategy and Iraq heads the efforts of the Iraq Survey Group.

(b) **QUARTERLY REPORTS ON STATUS OF EFFORTS OF IRAQ SURVEY GROUP.**—Not later than January 1, 2004, and every three months thereafter through September 30, 2004, the Special Advisor to the Director of Central Intelligence for Strategy and Iraq shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a comprehensive written report on the status of the efforts of the Iraq Survey Group to account for the programs of Iraq on weapons of mass destruction and related delivery systems.

(c) **FORM OF REPORT.**—Each report required by subsection (b) shall be submitted in both classified and unclassified form.

(d) **APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(1) the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Subcommittee on Defense of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(2) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the Subcommittee on Defense of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

SA 1867. Mr. WARNER (for himself, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. SARBANES, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mrs. DOLE, and Mr. EDWARDS) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 39, between lines 2 and 3, insert the following:

SEC. 3002. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Federal share of the cost of any disaster relief payment made under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.) for damage caused by Hurricane Isabel shall be 90 percent.

SEC. 3003. Of the funds appropriated by this Act, \$500,000,000 shall be available for repair or replacement of Department of Defense and National Aeronautics and Space Administration infrastructure damaged or destroyed by Hurricane Isabel, related flooding, or other related natural forces.

SA 1868. Mr. LAUTENBERG (for himself, Mr. SCHUMER, and Mr. CORZINE) proposed an amendment to the bill S.

1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 38, between lines 20 and 21, insert the following:

SEC. 2313. (a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This section may be cited as the “Ethics in Government Contracting Act of 2003”.

(b) **PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTS WITH CERTAIN ENTITIES.**—None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this title may be obligated or expended for any contract, any financial agreement, or any other arrangement between the United States and any entity that—

(1) at the time of such obligation or expenditure, is obligated under an agreement or otherwise to pay deferred compensation to any individual who holds a position listed in subsection (c); or

(2) has issued to such an individual one or more options for such individual to purchase a total of more than 1,000 shares of stock of such entity.

(c) **COVERED INDIVIDUALS.**—The positions referred to in subsection (b) are—

(1) President;

(2) Vice President;

(3) Secretary of State;

(4) Secretary of the Treasury;

(5) Secretary of Defense;

(6) Attorney General;

(7) Secretary of the Interior;

(8) Secretary of Agriculture;

(9) Secretary of Commerce;

(10) Secretary of Labor;

(11) Secretary of Health and Human Services;

(12) Secretary of Housing and Urban Development;

(13) Secretary of Transportation;

(14) Secretary of Energy;

(15) Secretary of Education;

(16) Secretary of Veterans Affairs;

(17) Secretary of Homeland Security;

(18) Director of the Office of Management and Budget;

(19) United States Trade Representative;

(20) Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency;

(21) Director of National Drug Control Policy; and

(22) Assistant to the President and Chief of Staff.

(d) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—This section shall take effect 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SA 1869. Mr. REID (for himself and Mr. DASCHLE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the end of title II, add the following:

SEC. 2313. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act under the heading “IRAQ RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION FUND”, or under any other heading, may be obligated or expended for the purpose of arming, training, or employing individuals under the age of 18 years for the Facilities Protection Service, or to carry out any function similar to the functions performed by the Service, or for any other security force.

SA 1870. Mr. HOLLINGS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security

and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

SEC. . Section 1605 of title 28, United States Code is amended by adding a new subsection (h) as follows:

“(h) Notwithstanding any provision of the Algiers Accords, or any other international agreement, any United States citizen held hostage during the period between 1979 and 1981, and their spouses and children at the time, shall have a claim for money damages against a foreign state for personal injury that was caused by the Foreign State’s act of torture or hostage taking. Any provision in an international agreement, including the Algiers Accords that purports to bar such suit is abrogated. This subsection shall apply retroactively to any cause of action cited in 28 U.S.C. 1605(a)(7)(A).

SA 1871. Mr. BAYH (for himself, Mr. NELSON of Nebraska, Mr. ENSIGN, Ms. COLLINS, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. GRAHAM of South Carolina, Mr. CHAMBLISS, Mrs. CLINTON, Mr. REID, and Mr. DORGAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 38, between lines 20 and 21, insert the following new section:

SEC. 2313. (a) Of the amounts appropriated under the subheading “IRAQ RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION FUND”—

(1) the \$5,136,000,000 allocated for security, including public safety requirements, national security, and justice shall be used to rebuild Iraq’s security services;

(2) \$5,168,000,000 shall be available for the purposes, other than security, set out under such subheading; and

(3) \$10,000,000,000 shall be available to the President to use as loans to Iraq for the purposes, other than security, set out under such subheading until the date on which the President submits the certification described in subsection (c).

(b) The President shall submit a notification to Congress if, of the amounts referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a), an amount in excess of \$250,000,000 is used for any single purpose in Iraq.

(c)(1) The certification referred to in subsection (a)(3) is a certification submitted to Congress by the President stating that not less than 90 percent of the total amount of the bilateral debt incurred by the regime of Saddam Hussein has been forgiven by the countries owed such debt.

(2) On the date that the President submits the certification described in paragraph (1)—

(A) the unobligated balance of the \$10,000,000,000 referred to in subsection (a)(3) may be obligated and expended with no requirement that such amount be provided as loans to Iraq; and

(B) the President may waive repayment of any amount made as a loan under subsection (a)(3) prior to such date.

(d) The head of the Coalition Provisional Authority shall ensure that the amounts appropriated under the subheading “IRAQ RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION FUND”, are expended, whether by the United States or by the Governing Counsel in Iraq, for the purposes set out under such subheading and in a manner that the head of the Coalition Provisional Authority does not find objectionable.

(e) It is the sense of Congress that each country that is owed bilateral debt by Iraq that was incurred by the regime of Saddam Hussein should—

(1) forgive such debt; and

(2) provide robust amounts of reconstruction aid to Iraq during the conference of donors scheduled to begin on October 23, 2003, in Madrid, Spain and during other conferences of donors of foreign aid.

(f) In this section:

(1) The term “amounts appropriated under the subheading ‘IRAQ RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION FUND’” means the amounts appropriated by chapter 2 of this title under the subheading “IRAQ RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION FUND” under the heading “OTHER BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT”.

(2) The term “Coalition Provisional Authority” means the entity charged by the President with directing reconstruction efforts in Iraq.

SA 1872. Mr. SCHUMER (for himself, Mr. DASCHLE, Mr. REID, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. NELSON of Florida, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. BAUCUS, Mr. HARKIN, Mr. BAYH, Mr. HOLLINGS, Mr. BIDEN, Mr. LAUTENBERG, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mr. KERRY, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. GRAHAM of Florida, Mrs. BOXER, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mrs. CLINTON, Mr. JOHNSON and Mr. EDWARDS) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ SENSE OF CONGRESS CONCERNING THE APPOINTMENT OF A SPECIAL COUNSEL TO CONDUCT A FAIR, THOROUGH, AND INDEPENDENT INVESTIGATION INTO A NATIONAL SECURITY BREACH.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) the national security of the United States is dependent on our intelligence operatives being able to operate undercover and without fear of having their identities disclosed;

(2) recent reports have indicated that administration or White House officials may have deliberately leaked the identity of a covert CIA agent to the media;

(3) the unauthorized disclosure of a covert intelligence agent’s identity is a Federal felony; and

(4) the Attorney General has the power to appoint a special counsel of integrity and stature who may conduct an investigation into the leak without the appearance of any conflict of interest.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the Attorney General of the United States should appoint a special counsel of the highest integrity and stature to conduct a fair, independent, and thorough investigation of the leak and ensure that all individuals found to be responsible for this heinous deed are punished to the fullest extent permitted by law.

SA 1873. Mr. DURBIN (for himself, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. FEINGOLD, and Mr. LAUTENBERG) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ (a) GLOBAL HIV/AIDS FUNDING.—For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for the prevention, treatment, and control of, and research on HIV/AIDS, in addition to funds appropriated under the heading “Global AIDS Initiative” in the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Act, 2004, \$879,700,000 to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the funds appropriated by this section shall be made available in accordance with the amount authorized in accordance with sections 202(d)(1) and 202(d)(4) of Public Law 108–25.

(b) OFFSET.—The total amount appropriated under title II under the heading “OTHER BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE—FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT—IRAQ RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION FUND” (other than the amount appropriated for Iraqi border enforcement and enhanced security communications and the amount appropriated for the establishment of an Iraqi national security force and Iraqi Defense Corps) shall be reduced by \$879,700,000.

(c) NOTIFICATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall consult with, and provide a written report to, the appropriate committees of Congress, concerning the amount by which each sector, program, and activity is reduced pursuant to subsection (b).

(2) COMMITTEE PROCEDURES.—The report submitted under paragraph (1) shall be subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

SA 1874. Mr. MCCONNELL (for himself and Mr. WARNER) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

SEC. ____ SHORT TITLE.

SEC. . (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) That on October 7, 2001, the Armed Forces of the United States and its coalition allies launched military operations in Afghanistan, designated as Operation Enduring Freedom, that quickly caused the collapse of the Taliban regime, the elimination of Afghanistan’s terrorist infrastructure and the capture of significant and numerous members of Al Qaeda;

(2) That on March 19, 2003, the Armed Forces of the United States and its coalition allies launched military operations, designated as Operation Iraqi Freedom, that quickly caused the collapse of Saddam Hussein’s regime, the elimination of Iraq’s terrorist infrastructure, the end of Iraq’s illicit and illegal programs to acquire weapons of mass destruction, and the capture of significant international terrorists;

(3) That success in those two campaigns in the Global War on Terrorism would not have been possible without the dedication, courage, and service of the members of the United States Armed Forces and their coalition partners;

(4) That throughout the proud military history of our nation, we have recognized our brave men and women of the Armed Forces by awarding them service medals for personal bravery and other leadership actions and for their service in military operations abroad and for support operations at home and abroad;

(5) That historically the President has relied on senior military officers to recommend the personal and theater campaign

medals and that, in keeping with these longstanding traditions, the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the combatant commanders, including General Tommy Franks, U.S. Army, former Commander of the United States Central Command, recommended the awards described below in recognition of the worldwide nature of the current conflict;

(6) That following the advice of his senior military and civilian defense leaders, President Bush, by Executive Order 13289 on March 12, 2003, established the Global War on Terrorism Expeditionary Medal to be awarded to service members who serve in military operations to combat terrorism on or after September 11, 2001, including, but not limited to actions in Operations Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom, in such locations as Afghanistan, Iraq, the Republic of the Philippines, and elsewhere in Southwest Asia, in recognition of the sacrifice and contributions military members make in the global war on terrorism;

(7) That eligibility for the Global War on Terrorism Expeditionary Medal is predicated on deployment abroad for 30 days or more in support of Global War on Terrorism operations on or after September 11, 2001;

(8) That by the same Executive Order, the President established the Global War on Terrorism Service Medical recognizing duty in Operation Noble Eagle and the homeland defense mission against further terrorist attacks, and which recognizes duty in support of military operations performed in areas that do not qualify for the Global War on Terrorism Expeditionary Medal; and

(9) That implementing regulations for eligibility have not been issued by Secretary of Defense.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE ON THE AWARD OF CAMPAIGN MEDAL.—It is the sense of the Senate that the Secretary of Defense should, on an expedited basis, issue the necessary regulations to implement these awards and ensure that any person who renders qualifying service with the Armed Forces in those phases of the Global War on Terrorism including Operation Iraqi Freedom, Operation Enduring Freedom, and Operation Noble Eagle should promptly receive these awards.

SA 1875. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S.1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 38, between lines 20 and 21, insert the following:

SEC. 2313. Of the amounts appropriated by chapter 2 of this title under the heading "IRAQ RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION FUND" and available for refugees, human rights, democracy and civil society—

(1) \$25,000,000 shall be made available to support the Iraqi Human Rights Ministry, as named in the justification document prepared by the Coalition Provisional Authority, of which—

(A) not less than \$5,000,000 shall be available to establish an Iraq Independent Human Rights Commission to—

(i) monitor human rights, including abuses of women's rights such as rape, abduction, and "honor killings";

(ii) conduct educational programs on human rights, including with respect to women's rights; and

(iii) promote human rights, including awareness of women's rights and the prevention of violence against women; and

(B) not less than \$7,000,000 shall be available for activities in Iraq designed to give

women the skills necessary to participate in public life, including—

(i) the conduct of civic education campaigns;

(ii) the construction and operation of women's resource centers and shelters throughout Iraq; and

(iii) the conduct of leadership training and exchange programs;

(2) \$10,000,000 shall be made available to support the Afghanistan Independent Human Rights Commission to—

(A) monitor human rights, including abuses of women's rights such as rape, abduction, and "honor killings";

(B) conduct educational programs on human rights, including with respect to women's rights; and

(C) promote human rights, including awareness of women's rights and the prevention of violence against women; and

(3) \$25,000,000 shall be made available to support the Afghanistan Ministry of Women's Affairs and independent Afghan women's organizations and networks for—

(A) the construction of women's centers and shelters; and

(B) programs to provide legal aid services and computer, English, literacy, and vocational courses for women.

SA 1876. Mr. NICKLES proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. (a) The Senate finds the following:

(1) When Saddam Hussein came to power in the 1970's Iraq was a prosperous county with no foreign debt and significant foreign cash reserves.

(2) Iraq's reserves were exhausted during the Iran-Iraq War in the 1980's and Iraq became a debtor nation.

(3) Today, the debts incurred by Saddam Hussein's regime are estimated to be as much as \$150,000,000,000.

(4) A process has been put in place that will establish a new representative Iraqi government based on a democratic political system with a free market economy. The goal is a prosperous Iraq that is not a threat to its neighbors.

(5) For Iraq to be prosperous it must rebuild. In the near term the United States and other donor countries will provide grants to begin the process. In the longer term Iraq must be able to fully participate in the international financial system.

(6) It is impossible for Iraq to borrow funds in international financial markets based on its existing debt. Eliminating that debt will make possible Iraq's continued rebuilding toward a prosperous and stable nation. A prosperous nation is less likely to be a threat to its neighbors and to be a breeding ground for terrorists. A prosperous Iraq is more likely to be a positive force in the region and participant in the world economy.

(b) It is the sense of the Senate that all countries that hold debt from loans to the former Iraqi regime of Saddam Hussein should be urged to forgive their debt.

SA 1877. Mrs. HUTCHISON submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 38, between lines 20 and 21, insert the following new section:

SEC. 2313. (a) Congress makes the following findings:

(1) A coalition of allied countries led by the United States entered Iraq on March 19, 2003, to liberate the people of Iraq from the tyrannical rule of Saddam Hussein and the Baathist party and to remove a threat to global security and stability.

(2) Achieving stability in Iraq will require substantial monetary investments to develop a secure environment and improve the physical infrastructure.

(3) A stable and prosperous Iraq is important to the peace and economic well-being of the Middle East region and to all nations.

(4) As of October 2003, the United States has provided the majority of the personnel and financial contributions to the effort to rebuild Iraq.

(5) Congress fully supports the commitment required by the United States to establish a stable economic, social, and political environment in Iraq.

(6) The President is currently striving to increase global participation in the effort to stabilize and reconstruct Iraq.

(7) While the United States should aid the people of Iraq during the critical time of transition between tyranny and democracy, the participation of the people of Iraq in the reconstruction effort is essential for the success of such effort.

(b) It is the sense of Congress that the President should—

(1) make every effort to increase the level of financial commitment from other nations to improve the physical, political, economic, and social infrastructure of Iraq; and

(2) seek to provide aid from the United States to Iraq in a manner that promotes economic growth in Iraq and limits the long-term cost to taxpayers in the United States.

SA 1878. Mr. DURBIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. (a) GLOBAL HIV/AIDS FUNDING.—

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for the prevention, treatment, and control of, and research on HIV/AIDS, in addition to funds appropriated under the heading "Global AIDS Initiative" in the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Act, 2004, \$879,700,000.

(b) OFFSET.—The total amount appropriated under title II under the heading "OTHER BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE—FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT—IRAQ RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION FUND" (other than the amount appropriated for Iraqi border enforcement and enhanced security communications and the amount appropriated for the establishment of an Iraqi national security force and Iraqi Defense Corps) shall be reduced by \$879,700,000.

SA 1879. Mr. DURBIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. (a) GLOBAL HIV/AIDS FUNDING.—For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for the prevention, treatment, and control of, and research on HIV/AIDS, in addition to funds appropriated under the heading "Global AIDS Initiative" in the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Act, 2004, \$879,700,000.

(b) OFFSET.—The total amount appropriated under title II under the heading "OTHER BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE—FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT—IRAQ RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION FUND" (other than the amount appropriated for Iraqi border enforcement and enhanced security communications and the amount appropriated for the establishment of an Iraqi national security force and Iraqi Defense Corps) shall be reduced by \$879,700,000.

SA 1880. Mr. STEVENS (for Mr. WARNER) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 1867 proposed by Mr. WARNER (for himself, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. SARBANES, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mrs. DOLE, and Mr. EDWARDS) to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the end of line 8, strike "." and insert the following:

"*Provided* that the entire amount is designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 502 of H. Con. Res. 95 (108th Congress); provided further that the entire amount shall be available only to the extent that an official budget request for a specific dollar amount, that includes the designation of the entire amount of the request as an emergency requirement as defined in House Concurrent Resolution 95, the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2004, is transmitted by the President to the Congress."

SA 1881. Mr. REID (for Mr. NELSON of Florida) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the end of title I, add the following:

SEC. 316. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The Committee on Armed Services of the Senate specified in Senate Report 107–151 to accompany S. 2514 (107th Congress) that the Chief of Naval Operations submit to the congressional defense committees a report, not later than June 2, 2003, on the plans of the Navy for basing aircraft carriers through 2015.

(2) As of October 16, 2003, the report has not been submitted.

(b) REPORT ON AIRCRAFT CARRIER BASING PLANS THROUGH 2020.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the plans of the Navy for basing aircraft carriers through 2020.

SA 1882. Mr. CORZINE proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 38, between lines 20 and 21, insert the following new title:

TITLE III—NATIONAL COMMISSION ON THE DEVELOPMENT AND USE OF INTELLIGENCE RELATED TO IRAQ

SEC. 3001. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.

There is established the National Commission on the Development and Use of Intelligence Related to Iraq.

SEC. 3002. FINDINGS.

The Congress underscores its commitment to and support for ongoing congressional reviews regarding the collection and analysis of intelligence related to Iraq.

SEC. 3003. PURPOSES.

The purposes of the Commission are as follows:

(1) To examine and report upon the role of policymakers in the development of intelligence related to Iraq and Operation Iraqi Freedom.

(2) To examine and report upon the use of intelligence related to Iraq and Operation Iraqi Freedom.

(3) To build upon the reviews of intelligence related to Iraq and Operation Iraqi Freedom, including those being conducted by the Executive Branch, Congress, and other entities.

(4) To investigate and publicly report to the President and Congress on its findings, conclusions, and recommendations.

SEC. 3004. COMPOSITION OF THE COMMISSION.

(a) MEMBERS.—The Commission shall be composed of 12 members, of whom—

(1) 3 members shall be appointed by the majority leader of the Senate;

(2) 3 members shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;

(3) 3 members shall be appointed by the minority leader of the Senate; and

(4) 3 members shall be appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives.

(b) CHAIRPERSON; VICE CHAIRPERSON.

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), the Chairperson and Vice Chairperson of the Commission shall be elected by the members.

(2) POLITICAL PARTY AFFILIATION.—The Chairperson and Vice Chairperson shall not be from the same political party.

(c) QUALIFICATIONS; INITIAL MEETING.—

(1) QUALIFICATIONS.—It is the sense of Congress that individuals appointed to the Commission should be prominent United States citizens, with national recognition and significant depth of experience in such professions as intelligence, governmental service, the armed services, law enforcement, and foreign affairs.

(2) INITIAL MEETING.—Once 6 or more members of the Commission have been appointed, those members who have been appointed may meet and, if necessary, select a temporary chairperson, who may begin the operations of the Commission, including the hiring of staff.

(d) QUORUM; VACANCIES.—After its initial meeting, the Commission shall meet upon the call of the Chairperson or a majority of its members. Six members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum. Any vacancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers, but shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made.

SEC. 3005. FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSION.

The functions of the Commission are to—

(1) conduct an investigation that—

(A) investigates the development and use of intelligence related to Iraq and Operation Iraqi Freedom; and

(B) shall include an investigation of intelligence related to whether Iraq—

(i) possessed chemical, biological and nuclear weapons, and the locations of those weapons;

(ii) had links to Al Qaeda;

(iii) attempted to acquire uranium in Africa, and if so, when;

(iv) attempted to procure aluminum tubes for the development of nuclear weapons;

(v) possessed mobile laboratories for the production of weapons of mass destruction;

(vi) possessed delivery systems for weapons of mass destruction; and

(vii) any other matters that bear upon the imminence of the threat to the national security of the United States and its allies; and

(2) submit to the President and Congress such report as is required by this title containing such findings, conclusions, and recommendations as the Commission shall determine, including proposing organization, coordination, planning, management arrangements, procedures, rules, and regulations.

(A) FORM OF REPORT.—Each report prepared under this section shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may contain a classified annex.

SEC. 3006. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) HEARINGS AND EVIDENCE.—The Commission or, on the authority of the Commission, any subcommittee or member thereof, may, for the purpose of carrying out this title—

(A) hold such hearings and sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony, receive such evidence, administer such oaths; and

(B) require, by subpoena or otherwise, the attendance and testimony of such witnesses and the production of such books, records, correspondence, memoranda, cables, E-mails, papers, and documents, as the Commission or such designated subcommittee or designated member may determine advisable.

(2) SUBPOENAS.—

(A) ISSUANCE.—Subpoenas issued under paragraph (1)(B) may be issued under the signature of the chairperson of the Commission, the Vice Chairperson of the Commission, the chairperson of any subcommittee created by a majority of the Commission, or any member designated by a majority of the Commission, and may be served by any person designated by the chairperson, subcommittee chairperson, or member.

(B) ENFORCEMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of contumacy or failure to obey a subpoena issued under paragraph (1)(B), the United States district court for the judicial district in which the subpoenaed person resides, is served, or may be found, or where the subpoena is returnable, may issue an order requiring such person to appear at any designated place to testify or to produce documentary or other evidence. Any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt of that court.

(ii) ADDITIONAL ENFORCEMENT.—In the case of any failure of any witness to comply with any subpoena or to testify when summoned under authority of this section, the Commission may, by majority vote, certify a statement of fact constituting such failure to the appropriate United States attorney, who may bring the matter before the grand jury for its action, under the same statutory authority and procedures as if the United States attorney had received a certification under sections 102 through 104 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (2 U.S.C. 192 through 194).

(b) CLOSED MEETINGS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Meetings of the Commission may be closed to the public under section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) or other applicable law.

(2) ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY.—In addition to the authority under paragraph (1), section

10(a)(1) and (3) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to any portion of a Commission meeting if the President determines that such portion or portions of that meeting is likely to disclose matters that could endanger national security. If the President makes such determination, the requirements relating to a determination under section 10(d) of that Act shall apply.

(c) **CONTRACTING.**—The Commission may, to such extent and in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts, enter into contracts to enable the Commission to discharge its duties under this title.

(d) **INFORMATION FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES.**—The Commission is authorized to secure directly from any executive department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, independent establishment, or instrumentality of the Government information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics for the purposes of this title. Each department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, independent establishment, or instrumentality shall, to the extent authorized by law, furnish such information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics directly to the Commission, upon request made by the Chairperson, the chairperson of any subcommittee created by a majority of the Commission, or any member designated by a majority of the Commission.

(e) **ASSISTANCE FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES.**—

(1) **GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION.**—The Administrator of General Services shall provide to the Commission on a reimbursable basis administrative support and other services for the performance of the Commission's functions.

(2) **OTHER DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES.**—In addition to the assistance prescribed in paragraph (1), departments and agencies of the United States are authorized to provide to the Commission such services, funds, facilities, staff, and other support services as they may determine advisable and as may be authorized by law.

(f) **GIFTS.**—The Commission may accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations of services or property.

(g) **POSTAL SERVICES.**—The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as departments and agencies of the United States.

SEC. 3007. STAFF OF THE COMMISSION.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—

(1) **APPOINTMENT AND COMPENSATION.**—The chairperson and vice chairperson, in accordance with rules agreed upon by the Commission, may appoint and fix the compensation of a staff director and such other personnel as may be necessary to enable the Commission to carry out its functions, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates, except that no rate of pay fixed under this subsection may exceed the equivalent of that payable for a position at level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code.

(2) **PERSONNEL AS FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—The executive director and any personnel of the Commission who are employees shall be employees under section 2105 of title 5, United States Code, for purposes of chapters 63, 81, 83, 84, 85, 87, 89, and 90 of that title.

(B) **MEMBERS OF COMMISSION.**—Subparagraph (A) shall not be construed to apply to members of the Commission.

(b) **DETAILEES.**—Any Federal Government employee may be detailed to the Commission

without reimbursement from the Commission, and such detailee shall retain the rights, status, and privileges of his or her regular employment without interruption.

(c) **CONSULTANT SERVICES.**—The Commission is authorized to procure the services of experts and consultants in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, but at rates not to exceed the daily rate paid a person occupying a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code.

SEC. 3008. COMPENSATION AND TRAVEL EXPENSES.

(a) **COMPENSATION.**—Each member of the Commission may be compensated at not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day during which that member is engaged in the actual performance of the duties of the Commission.

(b) **TRAVEL EXPENSES.**—While away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Commission, members of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in the same manner as persons employed intermittently in the Government service are allowed expenses under section 5703(b) of title 5, United States Code.

SEC. 3009. SECURITY CLEARANCES FOR COMMISSION MEMBERS AND STAFF.

The appropriate executive departments and agencies shall cooperate with the Commission in expeditiously providing to the Commission members and staff appropriate security clearances in a manner consistent with existing procedures and requirements, except that no person shall be provided with access to classified information under this section who would not otherwise qualify for such security clearance.

SEC. 3010. REPORT OF THE COMMISSION; TERMINATION.

(a) **REPORT.**—Not later than 9 months after the date of the first meeting of the Commission, the Commission shall submit to the President and Congress a report containing such findings, conclusions, and recommendations for corrective measures as have been agreed to by a majority of Commission members.

(b) **TERMINATION.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Commission, and all the authorities of this title, shall terminate 60 days after the date on which the report is submitted under subsection (a).

(2) **ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIVITIES BEFORE TERMINATION.**—The Commission may use the 60-day period referred to in paragraph (1) for the purpose of concluding its activities, including providing testimony to committees of Congress concerning its reports and disseminating the second report.

SEC. 3011. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated to the Commission to carry out this title \$5,000,000, to remain available until expended.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Armed Services be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, October 16, 2003, at 9:30 a.m., in closed session, to receive a classified briefing on the intelligence portion of the fiscal year 04 emergency supplemental appropriations request.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON BANKING, HOUSING, AND URBAN AFFAIRS

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on October 16, 2003, at 10:00 a.m., to conduct a hearing on "proposals for improving the regulation of the housing GSEs."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Foreign Relations be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, October 16, 2003 at 2:00 p.m., to hold a hearing on Afghanistan: In Pursuit of Security & Democracy.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Foreign Relations be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, October 16, 2003 at 2:30 p.m. to hold a Subcommittee hearing on US-EU Cooperation on Regulatory Affairs.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, EDUCATION, LABOR, AND PENSIONS

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions be authorized to meet for a hearing on Promoting Access to Postsecondary Education: Issues for the Reauthorization of the Higher Education Act during the session of the Senate on Thursday, October 16, 2003 at 10:00 a.m. in SD-430.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Indian Affairs be authorized to meet on Thursday, October 16, 2003 at 10:00 a.m. in Room 485 of the Russell Senate Office Building to conduct an oversight hearing on the Missouri River Master manual.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary be authorized to meet to conduct a markup on Thursday, October 16, 2003, at 10 a.m. in Dirksen Room 226.

I. Nominations

Henry W. Saad to be United States Circuit Judge for the Sixth Circuit; George W. Miller to be Judge for the United States Court of the Federal Claims; Deborah Ann Spagnoli to be United States Parole Commissioner; Dora L. Irizarry to be United States District Judge for the Eastern District of New York.